PROPERTY INSPECTION REPORT



Inspection Prepared For:

Agent:

Date of Inspection: 10/18/2021

Year Built: 1971

Size: 2,730 sq/ft

Tom Glassburn
TEC Property Inspections and Radon Mitigation

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Report Summary

Exterior			
Page 8	Wall-Covering	 Gaps at intersections of the siding, trim, and door and window openings, as well as any other holes in the siding, should be sealed with an appropriate sealant to prevent water penetration into the wall system. This is common home maintenance that should be attended to annually. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary. Cracking as well as movement was present in the mortar of the brick at the front east corner. Masonry can deform elastically over long periods of time to accommodate small amounts of movement. Recommend monitoring the crack for further movement. The siding had damage at the back east side of the home. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary and according to current standards. 	
Page 14	Railings, Guards & Handrails	• Improper spacing was noted between balusters, spindles and rails. Guards may not allow the passage of a sphere 4 inches in diameter. This is a current safety standard that they did not have in 1971.	
Page 15	Downspouts & Extensions	 Downspout(s) are missing extensions. This condition may cause problems by introducing excessive amounts of moisture to the soil beneath the foundation. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary and according to current standards. Downspout(s) need reconnecting to existing drain line. This condition may cause problems by introducing excessive amounts of moisture to the soil beneath the foundation. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary and according to current standards. 	
Page 16	Stairs & Ramps	• Minor cracking was visible at the steps. Monitoring is the minimum recommendation.	
Page 17	Walkways & Driveways	 The driveway/walkway showed signs of heaving and/or settling. Heaving is often caused by either soil which has expanded in volume in response to increases in soil moisture content, or by wet soil which has expanded as it has frozen. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary and according to current standards. There were signs of moderate cracking at the driveway. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary and according to current standards. There were signs of moderate cracking at the walkway. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary and according to current standards. The driveway/walkway had surface spalling in areas. This condition will continue to degrade if not corrected. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary. 	
Page 18	Window Wells	• Window Well(s) lacked covers and may represent a danger to small children and may trap pests. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.	

Page 19	Windows	• A window had cracked glass or cracked windowpane. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary and according to current standards.
Attached (Garage	
Page 22	Electric in Garage	• The garage had one or more outlets without GFCI (or ground fault circuit interrupter) protection. GFCI protection is required for all 15-and 20-amp receptacles, including outlets for refrigerators, garage door openers, and washing machines.
Page 23	Garage Floor	• The garage floor was pitted/spauling in areas the time of inspection. Recommend a qualified contractor evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.
Door itself. Modern safety req home interior and the gr to fire hazard and toxic		• The door between the garage and the living space failed to close by itself. Modern safety requirements require that the door between the home interior and the garage be self-closing for safety reasons related to fire hazard and toxic fumes. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.
Page 25	Stairs, Steps, Stoops, Stairways & Ramps	• The step at the back of the garage was broken concrete and a block. There are better ways to build a permanent step.
Master Ba	throom	
Page 32	Plumbing, Drain Waste and Vent System	 Flexible drain lines can clog, leak or fail. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary. The sink drain pipe was leaking at the time of inspection. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.
Kitchen		
Page 48	Ceilings and Walls	• The kitchen knee wall showed evidence of moisture intrusion from behind the wall. This is likely from the drain back up in the kitchen. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.
Page 50	Plumbing Faucets Fixtures	• The sprayer was leaking, when operated, at the connection. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.
Page 54 Range/Oven/Cookt op • The upper oven was set at a testing never registered over 325° and did to		• The upper oven was set at a testing temperature of 350°. The oven never registered over 325° and did not reach the demanded temperature. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.
Interior, I	Doors, Windows	
Page 59	Ceilings & Walls	 The interior walls showed evidence that moisture was entering from behind the downstairs wall, on the right side of the basement stairs heading down, possibly from the shared bath tub drain. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary. The basement ceilings showed evidence that moisture was entering the drywall possibly from the kitchen drains. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary. Two interior basement walls showed evidence that moisture was entering from behind the wall from the kitchen drain. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.
Page 62	Floors	• The carpet floor had wet stains indicating moisture intrusion did or does exist. This is likely from the kitchen back up. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.

Page 63	Electrical Outlets	 An electrical outlet was broken/damaged. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary. An electrical outlet, on the north wall of the downstairs guest bedroom, was not working. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary. Solid conductor aluminum branch-circuit wiring was present at the 120-volt 15 amp outlets in the home. Copalum and Alumicon connectors are the proper permanent fix. Purple wire nuts are only a temporary fix. A qualified contractor should evaluate the electrical system and repair or replace as necessary. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.
Page 68	Presence of Smoke and CO Detectors	• Carbon monoxide detectors were not installed within a specified distance of each room lawfully used for sleeping purposes. The inspector recommends installation of carbon monoxide detectors in appropriate locations. Colorado House bill 1091 became effective on July 1, 2009 that requires Carbon Monoxide detectors to be installed in most properties that has a fuel-burning heater or appliance, a fireplace, or an attached garage.
Laundry		
Page 71	Ceilings and Walls	• The walls showed signs of moisture entering behind the wall, likely from the shared bathroom tub drain. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.
Electrical		
Page 80	Electrical Wiring	• Solid conductor aluminum branch-circuit wiring was present at the 120-volt 15 amp circuits. A qualified contractor should evaluate the electrical system and repair or replace as necessary. Aluminum wire appears to be installed on branch electrical circuits in the subject premises. These single strand, branch circuit aluminum wires were used widely in houses during the mid 1960s and 1970s. According to the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission, problems due to expansion can cause overheating at connections between the wire and devices (switches and outlets) or at splices, which has resulted in fires. For further information on aluminum wiring contact the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission via the Internet at http://www.cpsc.gov . For more details, visit InterNACHI's Free Inspection Library.
Heating		
Page 87	Combustion Air Supply	• The combustion air supply for this appliance was not present. A qualified contractor should evaluate and make necessary corrections according to current standards. Fresh air supply is recommended by manufacturers for efficient operation of fuel burning appliances. Years ago, the air could come from inside or outside the building, however, more recent standards prefer for combustion air to come from the outside only.
Page 87	Air Filter	• The HVAC system air filter was dirty. Clogged filters can restrict air flow and increase internal temperatures. A clean air filter will help increase the efficiency and prolong the life expectancy of the heating and cooling system. Recommend Cleaning out the air filter.

Page 90	Heating System Operation	 The furnace was short-cycling (repeated start-up and shut-down) at the time of the inspection. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary. The heating system did fire and appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of the inspection. However, the interior of the cabinet was dirty. Cleaning, servicing and/or certification of the HVAC system by a qualified contractor is recommended and repaired or replaced as necessary.
Water Heatin	ng Equipment	
Page 93	Combustion Air Supply	• The combustion air supply for this appliance was not present. A qualified contractor should evaluate and make necessary corrections according to current standards. Fresh air supply is recommended by manufacturers for efficient operation of fuel burning appliances. Years ago, the air could come from inside or outside the building, however, more recent standards prefer for combustion air to come from the outside only.

Inspection Detail

In Attendance

- Client
- Client's Agent

Occupancy

Vacant

Weather Conditions

- Sunny
- 49-65 Degrees

Type of Building

• Single Family

Roof

Roof Covering

Type of Roof-Covering Described:

- Roof Covering Type: Wood
 Roof Configuration: Hip, Gabled
- The roof was not walked due to the roof covering material. Roofs comprised of tile, concrete, shake or other brittle/breakable material are not walked due to the high likelihood of damage.



Exterior

General

NI I R/R

• The exterior of your home is constantly affected by the sun, wind, rain and temperatures. Your job is to monitor the buildings exterior for its condition and weather tightness. Check the condition of all exterior materials and look for developing patterns of damage or deterioration. During a heavy rainstorm (without lightning), grab an umbrella and go outside. Walk around your house and look around at the roof and property. A rainstorm is the perfect time to see how the roof, downspouts and grading are performing. Observe the drainage patterns of your entire property, as well as the property of your neighbor. The ground around your house should slope away from all sides. Downspouts, surface gutters and drains should be directing water away from the foundation. Look for areas of pooling that will show you neutral or negative grade toward the foundation.







Wall-Covering

NI I R/R

Type of Wall-Covering Materials Described:

- Brick
- · Wood

• Gaps at intersections of the siding, trim, and door and window openings, as well as any other holes in the siding, should be sealed with an appropriate sealant to prevent water penetration into the wall system. This is common home maintenance that should be attended to annually. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.

- Cracking as well as movement was present in the mortar of the brick at the front east corner. Masonry can deform elastically over long periods of time to accommodate small amounts of movement. Recommend monitoring the crack for further movement.
- The siding had damage at the back east side of the home. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary and according to current standards.



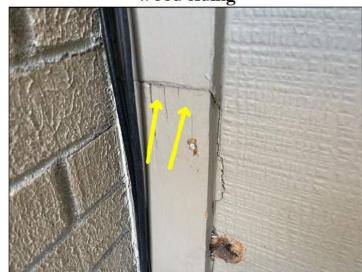


Brick façade

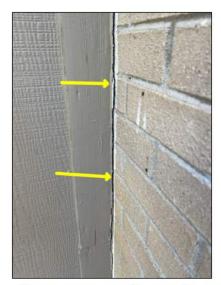


Minor damage to the siding east side of the home by the back garage door

Wood siding



Seal gaps at the trim east side of the home



Home maintenance: seal gaps between him and brick



Seal gaps



Monitor minor settling crack front east side of the home above the east garage door

Eaves, Soffits & Fascia



• The eaves (overhangs), soffits and fascia are comprised of those portions of the roof that extend beyond the exterior walls. The eaves protect the siding, windows and doors from the deteriorating effects of direct rain or snowfall. The eaves, soffits and fascia were generally performing as designed and were in acceptable condition.



movement.





Fla	shing a	and Trim
NI	X R/R	Observations: • Flashing at doors, windows, and trim around the home was inspected and has been installed correctly.
Ext	terior l	Electrical Fixtures
NI	X R/R	• Light fixtures mounted on the exterior walls of the residence responded to the switches and appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of the inspection.
Ext	terior l	Foundation Wall
NI	X R/R	• The visible portions of the exterior foundation walls appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of the inspection. It is common to have minor vertical cracks in the concrete foundation as well as minor cracks at the corners. Recommend monitoring these minor cracks for further



Monitor minor crack on the south east corner









Minor crack southwest corner of the home



Garage Door Exterior

• The exterior of garage doors appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of the inspection. Inspection of exterior garage doors typically includes examination of door exterior surface condition, weather-stripping condition and jamb condition.



Page 13 of 100





Minor damage to the top of the west garage door

Minor dent in the west garage door

Exterior Faucets (Hose Bibs)

X I R/R

• The water had been turned off at the exterior faucets at the time of the inspection. The condition of the faucets and the water pressure for the property could not be evaluated.

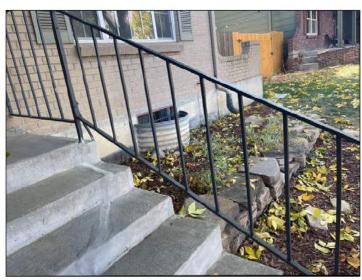


Faucet at the back is not on

Railings, Guards & Handrails

NI T R/R

• Improper spacing was noted between balusters, spindles and rails. Guards may not allow the passage of a sphere 4 inches in diameter. This is a current safety standard that they did not have in 1971.





Downspouts & Extensions



- Downspout(s) are missing extensions. This condition may cause problems by introducing excessive amounts of moisture to the soil beneath the foundation. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary and according to current standards.
- Downspout(s) need reconnecting to existing drain line. This condition may cause problems by introducing excessive amounts of moisture to the soil beneath the foundation. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary and according to current standards.



Missing extension on the east side of the home



Reconnect downspout with the drain southwest corner of the house



Missing extension

Sprinkler System Supply Line

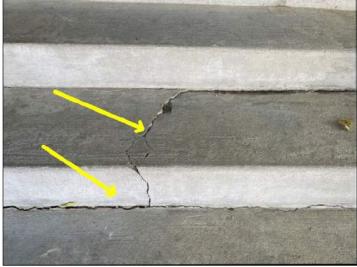
NI	1	R/R	
	1000000		• Inspection of the lawn sprinkler system is beyond the scope of this home inspection. The
	X		• Inspection of the lawn sprinkler system is beyond the scope of this home inspection. The inspector only noted components as to presence and not operation, design or configuration. There was an anti-siphon valve installed. The sprinkler system valves were not operated or
			activated



Stairs & Ramps

	 	,我没有一种的人,我们就没有一种的人,我们就会没有一种的。""我们就是我们的人,我们就没有一个人,我们就没有一个人,我们就没有一个人,我们就没有一个人,我们就会
		 Minor cracking was visible at the steps. Monitoring is the minimum recommendation
1 1	 V	9 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11
1 1	 X	 Minor cracking was visible at the steps. Monitoring is the minimum recommendation





Not a permanent step

Monitor minor cracking in the concrete steps

Vegetation, Grading & Drainage

1	R/R
X	
	X

• The vegetation, grading & drainage, and retaining walls of the property were inspected - especially where they may adversely affect the structure due to moisture intrusion. Grading of the property appeared to route runoff from precipitation away from the foundation and appeared to be serviceable at the time of inspection.

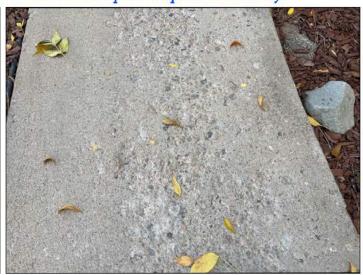
Walkways & Driveways



- The driveway/walkway showed signs of heaving and/or settling. Heaving is often caused by either soil which has expanded in volume in response to increases in soil moisture content, or by wet soil which has expanded as it has frozen. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary and according to current standards.
- There were signs of moderate cracking at the driveway. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary and according to current standards.
- There were signs of moderate cracking at the walkway. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary and according to current standards.
- The driveway/walkway had surface spalling in areas. This condition will continue to degrade if not corrected. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.



Cracking and settling in the front



Spauling at the front walkway





Cracking in the driveway





Spauling on the driveway

Settling on the driveway

Window Wells



• Window Well(s) lacked covers and may represent a danger to small children and may trap pests. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.







Windows



• A window had cracked glass or cracked windowpane. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary and according to current standards.



Cracked window pane east side of the home

Exterior Doors

NI I R/R

• The exterior doors appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of the inspection. Inspection of door exteriors typically includes examination of the following: door exterior surface condition, weather-stripping condition, presence of an effective sweep, jamb condition, threshold condition, moisture-intrusion integrity, handle and lock hardware.

Gas Meter/Gas Shut-Off

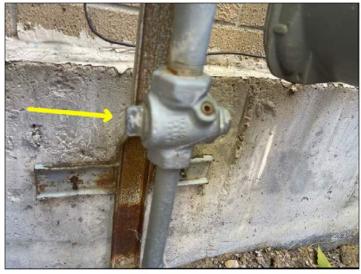
NI X

Shut-Off Location:

• Side of the house

• The condition and placement of the gas shut off and meter were acceptable at the time of the inspection.





Gas main shut off

Exterior Vents

X R/R

• The exterior vents and vent covers were secured to wall, not obstructed, and in generally serviceable condition at time of inspection.









Porches & Patios

The Porch, and or the Patio was inspected and was in good working condition at the time of the inspection.



Attached Garage

Ceiling, Walls & Firewalls in Garage

• The ceiling and walls of the garage were inspected according to the Home Inspection Standards of Practice.





Electric in Garage

The garage had one or more outlets without GFCI (or ground fault circuit interrupter) protection. GFCI protection is required for all 15- and 20-amp receptacles, including outlets for refrigerators, garage door openers, and washing machines.









Garage Floor

• The garage floor was pitted/spauling in areas the time of inspection. Recommend a qualified contractor evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.





Garage Occupant Door

1011
X

• The door between the garage and the living space failed to close by itself. Modern safety requirements require that the door between the home interior and the garage be self-closing for safety reasons related to fire hazard and toxic fumes. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.



Garage Vehicle Door

Type of Door Operation:

• Opener

• Manual operation of the garage door was performed to inspect the current operation condition of the door. The manual safety release was pulled to disconnect the door from the opener assembly and the door was manually lifted to half and fully open positions to test the spring assembly's performance. The door moved freely, and opened and closed without difficulty. The door was inspected as it moves to make sure the hinges are smooth, and rollers stay in the track. The safety release was reconnected, if present. The garage door panels and framing brackets were inspected and found to be in satisfactory condition. The springs, hinges, and supporting hardware were visually inspected for proper installation and current condition.





Garage Vehicle Door Opener

NI I R/R

• The garage vehicle door opener is comprised of multiple components. The opener motor itself was inspected for: proper installation, operations, and any add-on features and found to be in serviceable condition at the time of inspection. The wall button was properly installed and successfully operated the garage door opener when pressed. This button should be at least 5 feet above the standing surface, and high enough to be out of reach of small children.









Stairs, Steps, Stoops, Stairways & Ramps

• The step at the back of the garage was broken concrete and a block. There are better ways to build a permanent step.



Attic, Insulation & Ventilation

Attic Access

X Attic Acce

Attic Access Location:

• The attic had a proper access opening that was in serviceable condition and insulated properly.





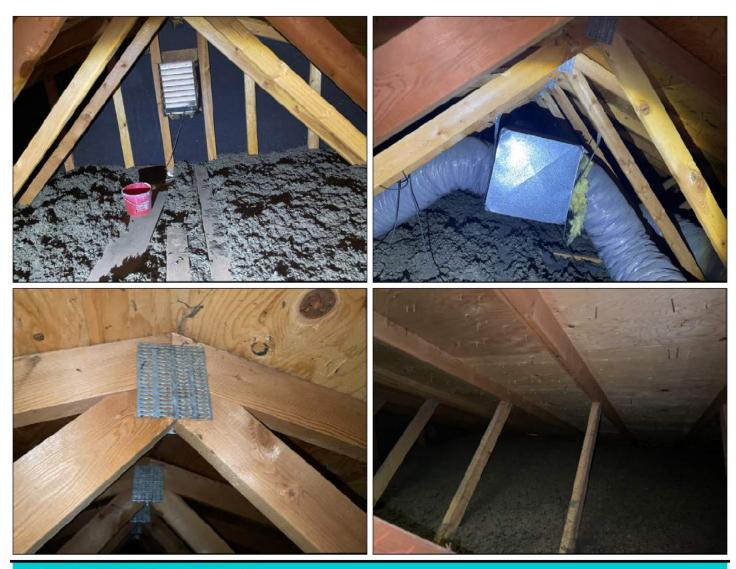




Attic Structural Components

NI		R/R
	X	

• The visible roof framing and structural components were in serviceable condition at time of inspection.



Electrical Wiring In Attic

NI		R/R	
	X	П	All visible and accessible electric wiring was properly installed and in serviceable condition

Insulation in Attic

Type of Insulation Observed:
• Fiberglass

Approx. Average Depth of Insulation:

- 6-9 inches
- Insulation levels are specified by R-Value. R-Value is a measure of insulation's ability to resist heat traveling through it. The higher the R-Value the better the thermal performance of the insulation. Current standards for existing wood-framed buildings for this climate and location are R38-R60.





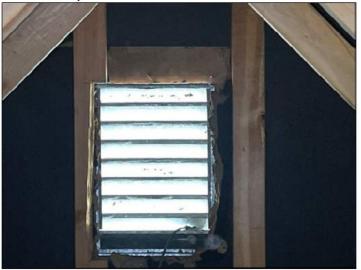
Ventilation in Attic

NI X R

Attic Ventalation Type:

- Gable
- Soffit
- The ventilation in the attic appeared to be satisfactory.





Soffit vent Gable vent

Exhaust System Vents

X R

• All visible vent ducts terminated to the exterior of the property and were properly installed and supported.



Attic Moisture Intrusion

	X		• No visible signs of water intrusion were present at the time of the inspection.
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Master Bathroom

Ceilings and Walls

NI X

Observations:

• The walls and ceilings in the interior rooms appeared to be in satisfactory condition at the time of inspection.



Bathroom Door

NI I R/R

 The doors and hardware in this bathroom appeared to be in satisfactory condition at the time of the inspection. Door inspection includes examination for proper installation, operation, and condition.

Bathroom Floor

NI I R/R

• The Tile floor in this bathroom was inspected and appeared to be in satisfactory condition at the time of inspection.

Cabinets & Counters

• The counter tops in this bathroom were properly installed, secured properly and in generally satisfactory condition.

• The cabinets/shelves in the bathroom were properly installed, secured with proper hardware, doors and drawers (if present) were operational and in generally satisfactory condition.



Bathroom Exhaust Fan

NI I R/R

• The exhaust fan in this bathroom operated properly and appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of inspection.



Electrical Fixtures & Switches

X R

• Light fixtures mounted in the interior rooms responded to the switches and appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of inspection.

Electrical Outlets

NI I R/R

• Bathroom electrical outlets were ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) protected, responded to testing and appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of inspection.



Toilets

X

• The visible components of the toilet were in satisfactory condition and functioning as designed and and intended. The toilet was secured properly to the floor, no visible evidence of leaking was present and the toilet emptied in a reasonable amount of time.



Plumbing, Drain Waste and Vent System

• Flexible drain lines can clog, leak or fail. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or

replace as necessary.

• The sink drain pipe was leaking at the time of inspection. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.





Flex drain

Sink is filled to test the drain connection



Leak at the connection

Plumbing Water Supply Shutoff Valves

• The water shut off valves for the sink appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of inspection. They were not operated but were visually inspected



Plumbing Fixtures

NI	X	R/R	• The visible water supply piping in this bathroom was in satisfactory condition and was function as designed and intended. All functional plumbing fixtures were operated during the inspection and were secured properly, no signs of active leaks were present and were functioning as designed and intended. Evaluation of extra fixtures is outside the scope of the inspection.
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Water Supply Functional Flow

• The overall water pressure was good and had acceptable "functional Flow." This is determined by viewing the flow of shower water when another fixture is in use or when two fixtures are operated simultaneously.





Fixture Valve Installation And Temperature

NI	X	R/R	• The hot and cold water supply valves and corresponding supply lines at the fixtures were installed correctly and were functioning as designed and intended. The hot control produced hot water, and the cold control produced cold water. Hot and cold temperatures were within an acceptable ranges according to current standards.
			acceptable ranges according to current standards.





Tub/Shower Area

• The tub and/or shower areas were found to be correctly sealed and caulked at the time of inspection. Adjacent walls, windows, and floors were inspected and in serviceable condition at the time of inspection.



Presence Of Installed Heat Source

X The furnace was cycling at the time of inspection. Temperature readings at individual heat sources were not able to be tested as a result.

Upstairs Shared Bathroom

Ceilings and Walls

X X

Observations:

• The walls and ceilings in the interior rooms appeared to be in satisfactory condition at the time of inspection.



Bathroom Door

X R/R

• The doors and hardware in this bathroom appeared to be in satisfactory condition at the time of the inspection. Door inspection includes examination for proper installation, operation, and condition.

Bathroom Floor

X R/R

• The Tile floor in this bathroom was inspected and appeared to be in satisfactory condition at the time of inspection.

Cabinets & Counters

• The counter tops in this bathroom were properly installed, secured properly and in generally satisfactory condition.

• The cabinets/shelves in the bathroom were properly installed, secured with proper hardware, doors and drawers (if present) were operational and in generally satisfactory condition.



Bathroom Exhaust Fan

NI I R/R

• The exhaust fan in this bathroom operated properly and appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of inspection.



Electrical Fixtures & Switches

X R

• Light fixtures mounted in the interior rooms responded to the switches and appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of inspection.

Electrical Outlets

NI I R/R

• Bathroom electrical outlets were ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) protected, responded to testing and appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of inspection.



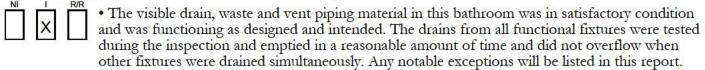
Toilets

X

• The visible components of the toilet were in satisfactory condition and functioning as designed and and intended. The toilet was secured properly to the floor, no visible evidence of leaking was present and the toilet emptied in a reasonable amount of time.



Plumbing, Drain Waste and Vent System







The sink is filled to test the drain connection



The bathtub is filled to test the drain connection

Plumbing Water Supply Shutoff Valves

• The water shut off valves for the sink appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of inspection. They were not operated but were visually inspected



Plumbing Fixtures

• The visible water supply piping in this bathroom was in satisfactory condition and was function as designed and intended. All functional plumbing fixtures were operated during the inspection and were secured properly, no signs of active leaks were present and were functioning as designed and intended. Evaluation of extra fixtures is outside the scope of the inspection.

Water Supply Functional Flow

• The overall water pressure was good and had acceptable "functional Flow." This is determined by viewing the flow of shower water when another fixture is in use or when two fixtures are operated simultaneously.





Fixture Valve Installation And Temperature

• The hot and cold water supply valves and corresponding supply lines at the fixtures were installed correctly and were functioning as designed and intended. The hot control produced hot water, and the cold control produced cold water. Hot and cold temperatures were within an acceptable ranges according to current standards.





Tub/Shower Area

NI	1	R/R	
	X		• The tub and/or shower areas were found to be correctly sealed and caulked at the time of inspection. Adjacent walls, windows, and floors were inspected and in serviceable condition at the time of inspection.
100	50 AR	8	time of inspection.



Presence Of Installed Heat Source

	NI	 R/R	
١		П	• The furnace was cycling at the time of inspection. Temperature readings at individual heat
	X	 	• The furnace was cycling at the time of inspection. Temperature readings at individual heat sources were not able to be tested as a result.

3/4 Bathroom

Ceilings and Walls

NI X

Observations:

• The walls and ceilings in the interior rooms appeared to be in satisfactory condition at the time of inspection.



Bathroom Door

X R/R

• The doors and hardware in this bathroom appeared to be in satisfactory condition at the time of the inspection. Door inspection includes examination for proper installation, operation, and condition.

Bathroom Floor

X R/R

• The Tile floor in this bathroom was inspected and appeared to be in satisfactory condition at the time of inspection.

Cabinets & Counters

• The counter tops in this bathroom were properly installed, secured properly and in generally satisfactory condition.

• The cabinets/shelves in the bathroom were properly installed, secured with proper hardware, doors and drawers (if present) were operational and in generally satisfactory condition.



Bathroom Exhaust Fan

NI I R/R

• The exhaust fan in this bathroom operated properly and appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of inspection.



Electrical Fixtures & Switches

NI X R/R

• Light fixtures mounted in the interior rooms responded to the switches and appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of inspection.

Electrical Outlets

NI I R/R

• Bathroom electrical outlets were ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) protected, responded to testing and appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of inspection.

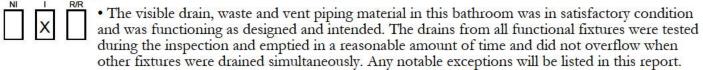


Toilets

• The visible components of the toilet were in satisfactory condition and functioning as designed and and intended. The toilet was secured properly to the floor, no visible evidence of leaking was present and the toilet emptied in a reasonable amount of time.



Plumbing, Drain Waste and Vent System







Sink is filled to test the drain connection

Plumbing Water Supply Shutoff Valves

• The water shut off valves for the sink appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of inspection. They were not operated but were visually inspected



Plumbing Fixtures

and intended. Evaluation of extra fixtures is outside the scope of the inspection.
--

Water Supply Functional Flow

NI	1	R/R	
			 The overall water pressure was good and had acceptable "functional Flow." This is determined
		X	• The overall water pressure was good and had acceptable "functional Flow." This is determined by viewing the flow of shower water when another fixture is in use or when two fixtures are
	80		operated simultaneously.





Fixture Valve Installation And Temperature

• The hot and cold water supply valves and corresponding supply lines at the fixtures were installed correctly and were functioning as designed and intended. The hot control produced hot water, and the cold control produced cold water. Hot and cold temperatures were within an acceptable ranges according to current standards.





Tub/Shower Area

NI I R/R

• The tub and/or shower areas were found to be correctly sealed and caulked at the time of inspection. Adjacent walls, windows, and floors were inspected and in serviceable condition at the time of inspection.



Presence Of Installed Heat Source

NI	 R/R	
000000	П	 The furnace was cycling at the time of inspection. Temperature readings at individual heat
X		 The furnace was cycling at the time of inspection. Temperature readings at individual heat sources were not able to be tested as a result.

Kitchen

Ceilings and Walls

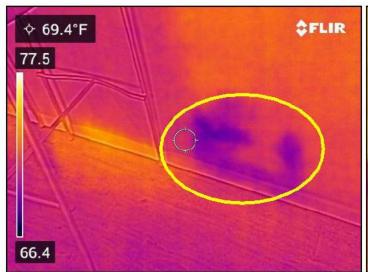


• The kitchen knee wall showed evidence of moisture intrusion from behind the wall. This is likely from the drain back up in the kitchen. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.





Moisture meter showing moisture in the drywall





Moisture in the kitchen knee wall

Moisture from the leak at the sprayer

Cabinets & Counters

X R/R

- The cabinets/shelves in the kitchen were properly installed, secured with proper hardware, doors and drawers (if present) were operational and in generally satisfactory condition.
- The counter tops in the kitchen were properly installed, secured properly and in generally satisfactory condition.







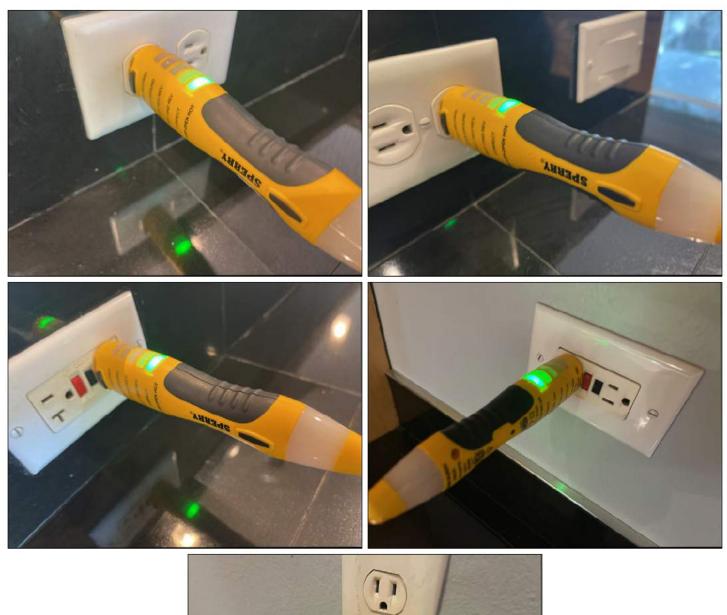


Electrical Fixtures & Switches

NI		R/R	
			• Light fixtures mounted in the interior rooms responded to the switches and appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of inspection.
1 1	V	1 1	O I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
1 1	^		serviceable condition at the time of inspection.
\mathbf{H}		بسا	Control of the Contro

Electrical Outlets

NI	1	R/R	
	X	\prod	• Kitchen electrical outlets were ground fault circuit interrupter (GFCI) protected, responded to testing and appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of inspection.





Plumbing Faucets Fixtures

The sprayer was leaking, when operated, at the connection. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.



Connection to the sprayer is leaking

♦ 62.2°F

94.1

59.2

Connection to the sprayer is leaking



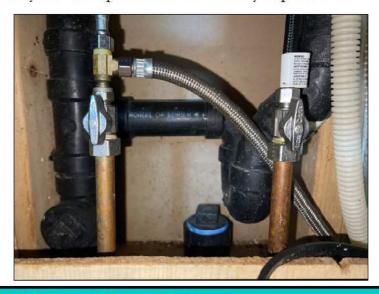
Leak from the sprayer



Plumbing Water Supply Shutoff Valves

NI I R/R

• The water shut off valves for the sink appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of inspection. They were not operated but were visually inspected



Plumbing, Drain Waste and Vent System

• The visible drain, waste and vent piping material in the kitchen was in satisfactory condition and was functioning as designed and intended. The drains from all functional fixtures were tested during the inspection and emptied in a reasonable amount of time and did not overflow when other fixtures were drained simultaneously. Exceptions will be listed in this section.





Presence Of Installed Heat Source

X



• The furnace was cycling at the time of inspection. Temperature readings at individual heat sources were not able to be tested as a result.

Dishwasher

NI]

R/R

Dishwasher Details:

• Manufacturer: Maytag

• The dishwasher was operated and no leaks were visible at the time of inspection. Inspection of appliances, such as the dishwasher, is outside the scope of a general home inspection. However, as a courtesy to the client we will operate the dishwasher to confirm that it is working and there are no leaks during the time of inspection.









Food Waste Disposer

NI X R

Food Waste Disposer Details:

• Manufacturer: Badger

• The food waste disposer was operational, securely installed, electrical wiring was properly secured with romex connector and the drain lines were installed properly with no leaks at the time of inspection





Mounted Microwave

NI	1	R/R	
80.00			• There was not a permanently mounted, or "built-in" microwave installed in the kitchen at the
X	9 - 80	80 - 2	• There was not a permanently mounted, or "built-in" microwave installed in the kitchen at the time of inspection.

Range/Oven/Cooktop

Range/Oven/Cooktop Details:

- Range Manufacturer: General Electric
- Wall Oven Manufacturer: General Electric

Range/Oven/Cooktop Fuel Source:

- Range Fuel Source: Electric
- Wall Oven Fuel Source: Electric
- All cooking elements and burners were tested and operational at the time of inspection. Any exceptions will be listed in this section.
- The upper oven was set at a testing temperature of 350°. The oven never registered over 325° and did not reach the demanded temperature. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.





Upper oven set at 350 and never reached temperature

















Testing bake on the lower oven





Testing broil on the lower oven





Testing the broil setting on the upper oven



Range Hood

X R

Range Hood Details:

- Manufacturer: General Electric
- Range Hood Type: Down Draft Range Hood Fan
- The range hood fan was tested and was operational at the time of inspection. The device also had an operational light, and was generally clear of excessive grease build up at the time of inspection.





Refrigerator

NI I R/R

Refrigerator Details:

- Manufacturer: Whirlpool
- The refrigerator was operational at the time of inspection.







Interior, Doors, Windows

Ceilings & Walls



- The interior walls showed evidence that moisture was entering from behind the downstairs wall, on the right side of the basement stairs heading down, possibly from the shared bath tub drain. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.
- The basement ceilings showed evidence that moisture was entering the drywall possibly from the kitchen drains. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.
- Two interior basement walls showed evidence that moisture was entering from behind the wall from the kitchen drain. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.

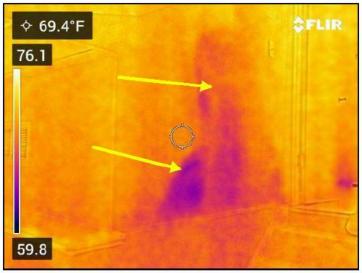






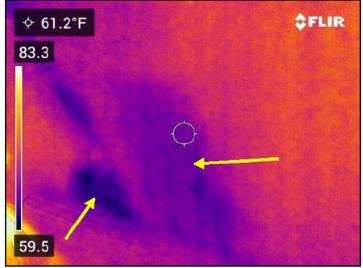


Moisture meter confirming moisture meter in the wall



Basement wall showing moisture in the drywall

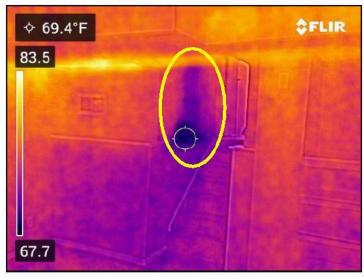
Moisture meter confirming moisture meter in the wall





Dark blue is moisture in the drywall

Moisture meter confirming moisture meter in the wall



Moisture in the basement wall at the stairs

Moisture meter confirming moisture meter in the wall



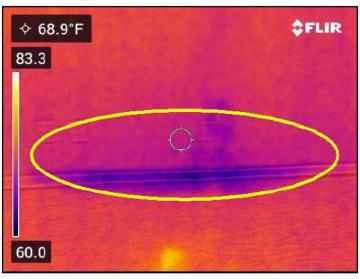


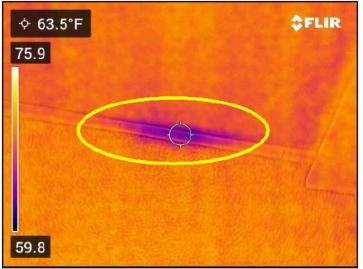
Moisture meter confirming moisture meter in the wall





Moisture in the basement ceiling





Moisture in the basement north wall

Moisture in the basement west wall

Doors

- Interior doors and hardware appeared to be in satisfactory condition at the time of inspection. Door inspection includes examination for proper installation, operation and condition.

Floors

- X
- The carpet floor had wet stains indicating moisture intrusion did or does exist. This is likely from the kitchen back up. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.

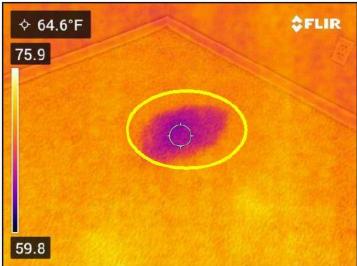


Moisture meter showing wet carpet in the basement



Moisture meter showing wet carpet in the basement





Moisture meter showing wet carpet in the basement

Moisture in the basement carpet

Electrical Fixtures & Switches

NI X R/R

• Light fixtures mounted in the interior rooms responded to the switches and appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of inspection.

Electrical Outlets

NI I R/R

- Electrical outlets in the property appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of inspection. Notable exceptions will be listed in this report. A representative number of outlets were tested.
- An electrical outlet was broken/damaged. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.
- An electrical outlet, on the north wall of the downstairs guest bedroom, was not working. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.
- Solid conductor aluminum branch-circuit wiring was present at the 120-volt 15 amp outlets in the home. Copalum and Alumicon connectors are the proper permanent fix. Purple wire nuts are only a temporary fix. A qualified contractor should evaluate the electrical system and repair or replace as necessary. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.





Aluminum wiring Outlet on the west wall of Aluminum wiring, outlet on the south wall of the front room the master bedroom



Outlet on the north wall of the downstairs guest bedroom does not work



Broken plug south wall in the family room













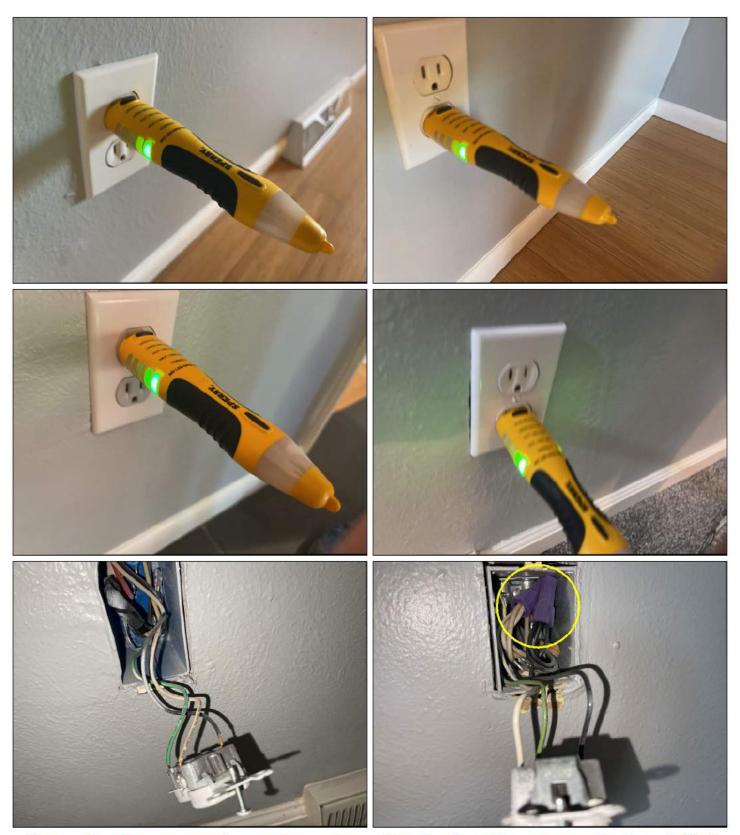
Outlet on the North wall of the north east guest bedroom has correct copalum wiring





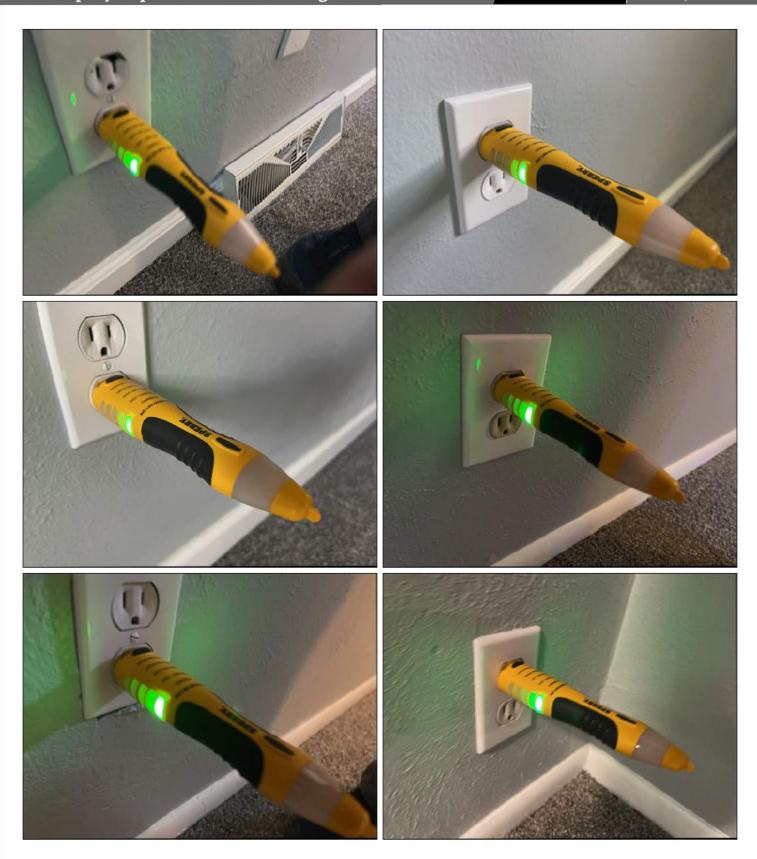






Proper Copalum connection outlet on the north wall of the family room

Purple wire nuts outlet on the west wall of the master bedroom











Presence of Smoke and CO Detectors

- NI I R/R
- The existing smoke detectors were tested, and responded to the test button, but they are only noted as to presence and operation as of date of inspection. Smoke detectors may work today but not work when you need them to work. This is why it is important for you to test them on a regular basis, monthly at least. Smoke detectors are recommended by the U.S. Product Safety Commission to be installed inside each bedroom and adjoining hallway and on each living level of the property and basement level.
- Carbon monoxide detectors were not installed within a specified distance of each room lawfully used for sleeping purposes. The inspector recommends installation of carbon monoxide detectors in appropriate locations. Colorado House bill 1091 became effective on July 1, 2009 that requires Carbon Monoxide detectors to be installed in most properties that has a fuel-burning heater or appliance, a fireplace, or an attached garage.



Railings, Guards & Handrails

• An interior balcony, loft, or perch, had guards and/or handrails that were found to be in satisfactory condition. The guard/rail was secure, continuous, and 36 inches above the standing surface.

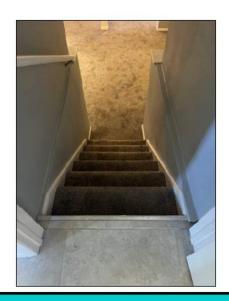




Steps, Stairways Balconies and Railings

• The guard/hand rail for the interior stairs was secure, and balusters, if present, had a maximum spacing of 4 inches. The rails were installed at a acceptable height greater than 32 inches. Step treads and risers meet depth and height requirements. All stairway components are in serviceable condition.





Windows

NI	_	R/R
	X	
ш		

• The windows appeared to be in satisfactory condition at the time of inspection. Windows are inspected for proper operation, condition of sill, sash, hardware and the condition of weather sealing components. Windows in the home may have damaged thermal seals, but they may not have been evident at the time of this inspection. Dirt on the windows, the presence of screens, exterior and interior lighting may make thermal seal damage difficult to see. Evidence of damaged seals can appear and disappear as temperature and humidity changes.

Presence Of Installed Heat Source

NI	 R/R
X	3 - 3

• The furnace was cycling at the time of inspection. Temperature readings at individual heat sources were not able to be tested as a result.

Laundry

Ceilings and Walls

Observations:

- The walls and ceilings in the interior rooms appeared to be in satisfactory condition at the time of inspection.
- The walls showed signs of moisture entering behind the wall, likely from the shared bathroom tub drain. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.





Moisture meter showing moisture in the drywall of the laundry room





Dark blue is moisture in the drywall



 ♦ 72.5°F

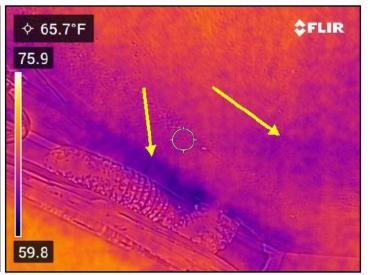
 83.3

 68.0

Moisture meter showing moisture in the drywall of the laundry room

Moisture in the laundry room wall





Moisture meter showing moisture in the drywall of the laundry room

Clothes Dryer

X

• Clothes washers and dryers are outside the scope of a general home inspection. The only way to truly evaluate a clothes dryer is to dry a load of laundry. The dryer is inspected by turning it on and making sure the vent connections and electrical connection are correct.





Clothes Washer

• Clothes washers and dryers are outside the scope of a general home inspection. The only way to truly evaluate a clothes washer is to wash a load of laundry. The washer is inspected by turning it on and making sure the water, electrical, and drain connections are correct.





Exhaust Fan

• The laundry room did not have an exhaust fan or an openable window.

Cabinets, Counters, & Shelves

• The cabinets/shelves in the laundry room were properly installed, secured with proper hardware, doors and drawers (if present) were operational and in generally satisfactory condition.



Electrical Outlets

• Laundry electrical outlets responded to testing and appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of inspection.



220 Volt Dryer Outlet

Outlet Type:

3-pronged

• The 220-volt dryer electrical outlet was inspected and appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of inspection.



Dryer Vent Piping

N X

Piping Material:

- Flexible Foil
- A dyer vent connection was installed in the laundry area. The dryer vent connection was examined visually only. A visual examination will not detect the presence of lint accumulated inside the vent, which is a potential fire hazard the inspector recommends that you have the dryer vent cleaned at the time of purchase and annually in the future to help ensure that safe conditions exist. Lint accumulation can occur even if in approved properly installed vents.



Washer Drain

NI I R/R

• The majority of the washer drain system was not visible and could not be inspected for proper operation. Inspection of the washing machine (if present) is beyond the scope of this inspection. The washing machine (if present) was not operated and the inspector is unable to determine if there are any deficiencies with the washer drain system.



Washer Plumbing Supply

• The water shut off valves for the clothes washer appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of inspection. They were not operated but were visually inspected.



Installed Heat Source

The furnace was cycling at the time of inspection. Temperature readings at individual heat sources were not able to be tested as a result.

Chimney, Fireplace, or Stove

Fireplaces Gas/LP

• The property had a gas-fueled fireplace that appeared to be in serviceable condition and responded to the controls. The fireplace had a gas shutoff valve present. No gas leaks were detected.



Electrical

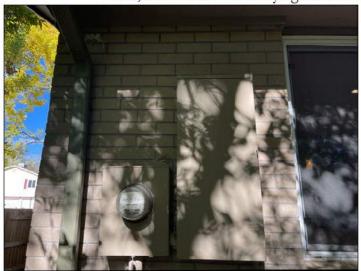
Distribution Panels

X R/R

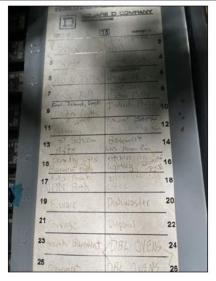
• The electrical distribution panel installation and condition was inspected, and found to be in satisfactory condition at the time of inspection.

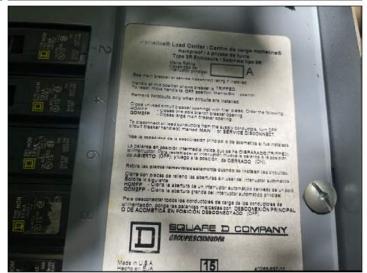
• The manufacturer's label was present at the main electrical service panel. The manufacturer's label typically provides information describing the main panel such as the name of the panel manufacturer, the panel model number, the panel amperage rating, limitations related to the environment in which the panel was designed to be installed and grounding/bonding information for that particular model.

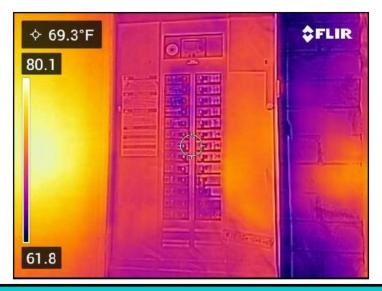
• The circuit label for the main electrical service panel is shown in the photo. Circuits in the main service panel were labeled. The accuracy of the labeling was not verified. When the opportunity arises, we recommend verifying the accuracy of the labeling by actually operating the breakers.











Electric Meter & Base

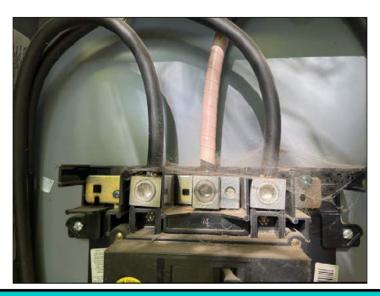
• The meter was installed at a proper height, with the center of the meter measuring between 4 feet and 6 feet above the walking surface. The electric meter was securely fastened to the property and appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of the inspection.





Service-Entrance Conductors

• Electrical service-entrance conductors were inspected and found to be in satisfactory condition at the time of inspection.



Electrical Circuit Breakers

• Electrical over-current protection devices (circuit breakers and fuses) were not tested, but visually inspected, and found to be in satisfactory installation and condition at the time of inspection.

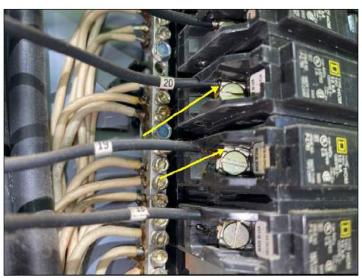




Electrical Wiring

Wiring Type:

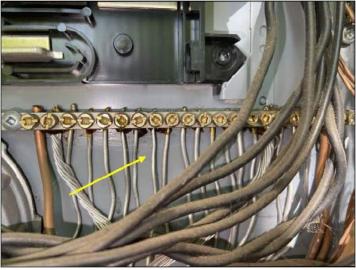
- Aluminum Solid
- Solid conductor aluminum branch-circuit wiring was present at the 120-volt 15 amp circuits. A qualified contractor should evaluate the electrical system and repair or replace as necessary. Aluminum wire appears to be installed on branch electrical circuits in the subject premises. These single strand, branch circuit aluminum wires were used widely in houses during the mid 1960s and 1970s. According to the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission, problems due to expansion can cause overheating at connections between the wire and devices (switches and outlets) or at splices, which has resulted in fires. For further information on aluminum wiring contact the U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission via the Internet at http://www.cpsc.gov. For more details, visit InterNACHI's Free Inspection Library.





Aluminum wiring

Aluminum wiring



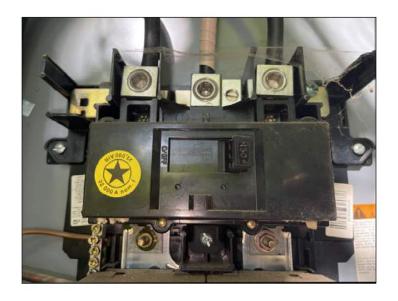
Aluminum wiring

Main Service Disconnect

NI I R/R

Main Service Disconnect Rating:

- 150 amps
- The main electrical disconnect was provided by a two-pole circuit breaker mounted in the main distribution panel. The breaker appeared to be in good condition, although it was not tested during this inspection.



Plumbing

Drain, Waste, & Vent Systems

Drain, Waste, & Vent Systems Material:

- · Cast Iron
- The system was in satisfactory condition at the time of inspection. The drains from all functioning plumbing fixtures were tested during the inspection and each emptied in a reasonable amount of time and did not overflow when other fixtures were drained simultaneously.



Gas Piping

NI X

• The interior gas piping was in acceptable condition. No evidence of leakage was detected at any of the exposed gas piping. Pressure testing is considered beyond the scope of a property inspection.



Plumbing Water Pressure

X

• The exterior water hose bibs were not on for inspection. The water pressure of the home was not determined.

Main Water Shut-Off Valve

NI X

R/R N

Materials:

- Basement Front
- The water main shut off is a silver knob located inside the north wall of the basement.





Water main shut off

Water Supply

Water Supply Material:

- Copper
- The main water supply line material is considered what enters the home from the city or well. The water supply to the house appeared to be in satisfactory condition at the time of the inspection.



Water Supply & Distribution Systems

X

Water Supply & Distribution Systems Material:

- Copper
- The exposed, visible, distribution piping running from the main source to each faucet or fixture was inspected. The exposed and visible supply piping was in acceptable condition.



Heating

Heating System Information

Heating System Details:

• Energy Source: Gas

• Heating Method: Warm-Air Heating System

• Efficiency: Mid-Efficiency • System Age: 15+ years

• System Location: Basement Mechanical Room

Heating Label Information:

• Information from the heating system data plate is shown in the photo and contains the manufacturer, serial number, size and date.

Lennox

September

• 1996

• The home had a forced-air furnace that heats air and disperses it throughout your home via ductwork and vents. Forced-air furnaces heat air in various ways, including by burning natural gas, propane or heating oil, or less often with electricity.







Combustion Air Supply

* The combustion air supply for this appliance was not present. A qualified contractor should evaluate and make necessary corrections according to current standards. Fresh air supply is recommended by manufacturers for efficient operation of fuel burning appliances. Years ago, the air could come from inside or outside the building, however, more recent standards prefer for combustion air to come from the outside only.

Air Filter



• The HVAC system air filter was dirty. Clogged filters can restrict air flow and increase internal temperatures. A clean air filter will help increase the efficiency and prolong the life expectancy of the heating and cooling system. Recommend Cleaning out the air filter.



Blower



• The heating system blower appeared to operate in a satisfactory manner at the time of the inspection. Preventative maintenance would include changing air filters at recommended intervals. Blowers are a subjected to high dirt, dust, and lint conditions and should be cleaned upon moving in and regularly throughout usage.



Ductwork

X R/R

• There was HVAC ductwork installed in the property. Warm-air heating systems, including heat pump systems, use ductwork to distribute the warm air throughout the house. The inspector will attempt to determine if each room has a heat source, but may not be able to access every duct register. Most of the ductwork is concealed within the walls and floor systems of the property and cannot be fully evaluated for proper installation or configuration.

Exhaust Flue

NI X

• The gas-fired heating system exhaust flue had proper connections, slope and clearance from combustibles.



Gas Supply Shut-Off Valve

NI I R/R

• The gas supply piping included a shutoff valve in the vicinity of the heating system for service personnel and emergency use. No evidence of leakage was detected at any of the exposed gas piping. The valve was not operated as part of the inspection.





Gas main shut off

Heating Service Disconnect

NI		R/R
	X	

• The service disconnect was within sight of the heating system. Although it was not operated, it appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of the inspection.



Draft Inducer Motor

X R/R

Observations:

• The draft inducer motor was inspected and is functioning as it should. The purpose of the inducer motor is to move air and gasses out of the furnace and up through the heating vents. This determines how much and how fast air will flow through the heat exchanger.



Heating System Cabinet

• The furnace cabinet exterior and interior appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of the inspection.

Thermostat & Normal Operating Controls

NI I R/R

Thermostat Location:

Living room

• The Air Conditioning was controlled by one Programable thermostat. The Thermostat was fastened securely to the wall, activated the HVAC unit, and appeared to be in serviceable condition. The inspector takes three pictures of the thermostat. The first picture is to show all the settings on the thermostat and the current setting, before the inspector operates it. The second picture shows the setting used to make the Furnace heat up. The third picture shows that the inspector has reset the thermostat back to the original setting after operation.





Thermostat initial setting

Thermostat setting to test heat



Thermostat returned to the initial setting

Heating System Operation

- NI I R/R
- The heating operation and furnace burners were visually inspected and appear to be operational at the time of the inspection. A furnace burner is a component of a furnace where air mixes with fuel, and is burned in order to create heat.
- The furnace gas was lit using a spark ignition. The spark transmits too fast to photograph. Spark ignition is used on mid and high efficiency to light burners when heat is called for. Spark igniters are electric powered and function as a device that ignites compressed fuels, such as the gas supplied to your furnace. Generally, they are considered efficient devices because they are easy and safe to handle.
- The furnace was short-cycling (repeated start-up and shut-down) at the time of the inspection. A qualified contractor should evaluate and repair or replace as necessary.
- The heating system did fire and appeared to be in serviceable condition at the time of the inspection. However, the interior of the cabinet was dirty. Cleaning, servicing and/or certification of the HVAC system by a qualified contractor is recommended and repaired or replaced as necessary.





Furnace burn chamber

Dirty furnace

Water Heating Equipment

General Information

X X

Water Heating Type:

- Fuel Source: Natural Gas • System Type: Tank Heater
- Capacity: 50 Gal

Water Heating Equipment Details:

- Manufacturer: Whirlpool
- Manufacture month: November
- Manufacture Year: 2011





Water Shut-Off & Pipe Connections

X

R/R

• The water shut off to the water heater green lever located on the cold line just above the water heater



Water shut off to the water heater

Combustion Air Supply

• The combustion air supply for this appliance was not present. A qualified contractor should evaluate and make necessary corrections according to current standards. Fresh air supply is recommended by manufacturers for efficient operation of fuel burning appliances. Years ago, the air could come from inside or outside the building, however, more recent standards prefer for combustion air to come from the outside only.

Draft Diverter & Exhaust Flue

NI	X	R/R	• The draft diverter of the gas-fired water heater had proper clearance to allow for proper uptake of cool air, was properly aligned and secured. Water heater venting systems are designed to
			moderate vent temperatures and control exhaust velocity by mixing room-temperature air with
			hot exhaust gasses. The gas-fired water heater exhaust flue connected to the furnace flue pipe with
			the proper double wall Y connection or had its own separate flue. The exhaust vent had proper
			clearance from combustibles.



Temperature & Pressure Relief Valve

• The water heater was equipped with a TPR (Temperature Pressure Relief) valve and a properly-configured TPR valve discharge pipe which was properly connected to the T&P relief valve and terminated within 6" from the floor. This device is an important safety feature and should not be altered or tampered with, and was not tested as part of the inspection. No adverse conditions were observed.

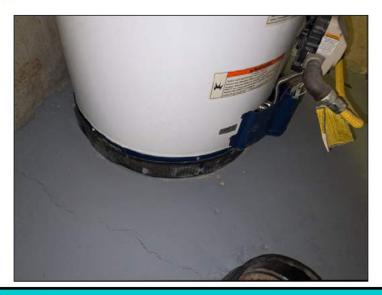




Exterior Condition/Leakage

NI X R/R of

• The water heating equipment was properly supported, level and no leaks were observed at time of inspection.



Drain Valve & Drip Pan

X

• There was a drain valve which was in serviceable condition at the time of inspection.

Gas Supply Shut-Off Valve

NI I R/R

• The gas supply piping included a shutoff valve in the vicinity of the heater for service personnel and emergency use. No evidence of leakage was detected at any of the exposed gas piping. The valve was not operated as part of the inspection.





Gas shut off to the water heater

Burn Chamber

X

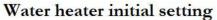
• The water heater was "F.V.I.R." (Flammable Vapor Ignition Resistant) compliant and had a sealed burn chamber that was not visible for inspection.



Operation & Response to Controls

• The gas water heater had an electronic spark ignition that automatically ignites when a demand for hot water is called for by the thermostat. The thermostat is a dial with general temperature settings such as warm, hot, and very hot. The water heater responded to the demand for hot water. The ignition system system was in acceptable condition.







Water heater test setting





Water heater return to initial setting

Water Temperature

- Water Temperature Meaurement:
 120-130 Degrees
 - The water temperature was within the acceptable range of 120-130 degrees.

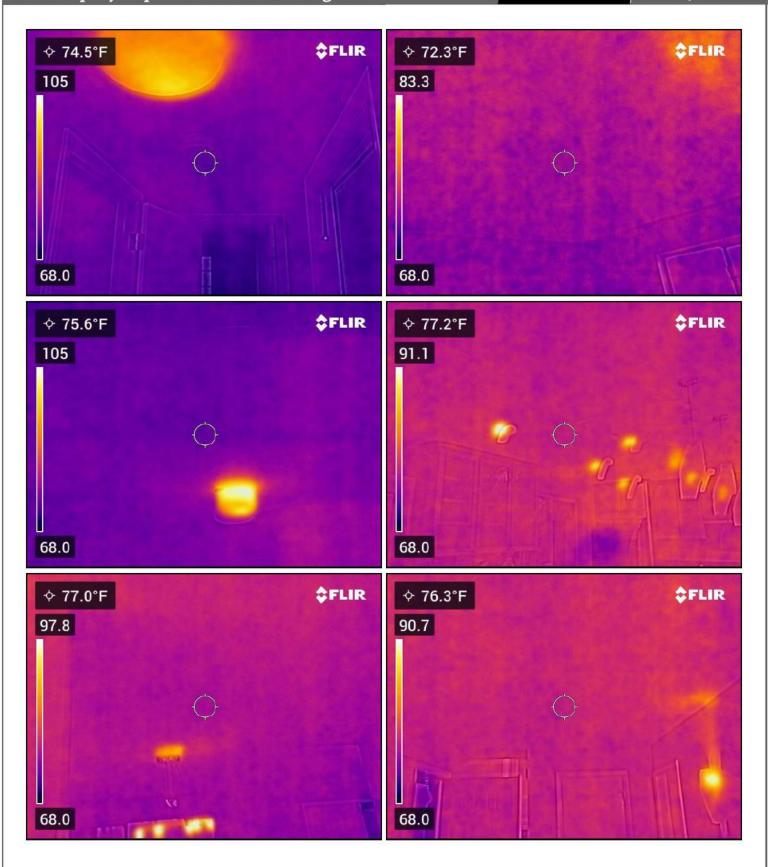


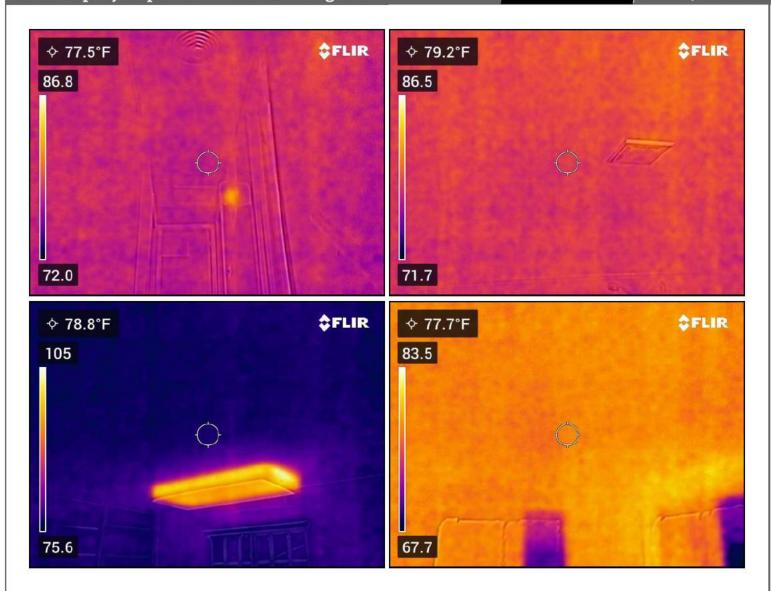
Infrared Thermal Imaging

Infrared Thermal Imaging

• An infrared inspection of the home was done from the interior and revealed no abnormal or suspicious condition. Any moisture intrusion will be listed in the specific room it was found in.







Glossary

Term	Definition
Combustion Air	The ductwork installed to bring fresh outside air to the furnace and/or hot water heater. Normally, two separate supplies of air are brought in: one high and one low.
GFCI	A special device that is intended for the protection of personnel by de-energizing a circuit, capable of opening the circuit when even a small amount of current is flowing through the grounding system.
I	Inspected
TPR Valve	The thermostat in a water heater shuts off the heating source when the set temperature is reached. If the thermostat fails, the water heater could have a continuous rise in temperature and pressure (from expansion of the water). The temperature and pressure could continue to rise until the pressure exceeds the pressure capacity of the tank (300 psi). If this should happen, the super-heated water would boil and expand with explosive force, and the tank would burst. The super-heated water turns to steam and turns the water heater into an unguided missile. To prevent these catastrophic failures, water heaters are required to be protected for both excess temperature and pressure. Usually, the means of protection is a combination temperature- and pressure-relief valve (variously abbreviated as T&P, TPV, TPR, etc.). Most of these devices are set to operate at a water temperature above 200° F and/or a pressure above 150 psi. Do not attempt to test the TPR valve yourself! Most water heating systems should be serviced once a year as a part of an annual preventive maintenance inspection by a professional heating and cooling contractor. From Plumbing: Water Heater TPR Valves